

ENGLISH REINFORCEMENT PLAN TENTH GRADE 2024

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Estimado estudiante:

Teniendo en cuenta lo visto durante los cuatro periodos del 2024, basándose en los apuntes, talleres, evaluaciones realizadas y el plan de nivelación usted deberá prepararse para que supere las dificultades presentadas durante los cuatro periodos mediante **UNA PRUEBA TIPO ICFES**

El taller comprende la conceptualización y explicación de las temáticas vistas durante los cuatro periodos del año lectivo 2024.

- **PRESENT TENSES** (simple, continuous, perfect, Perfect continuous)
- **PAST TENSES** (simple, continuous, perfect, Perfect continuous)
- **FUTURE TENSES** (simple, continuous, perfect, Perfect continuous)
- **VOCABULARY : REGULAR AND IRREGULAR VERBS**
- **RELATIVE CLAUSES AND WH WORDS**
- **MODAL VERBS**
- **CONDITIONAL SENTENCES**
- **ACTIVE – PASSIVE VOICE**
- **READINGS**



El éxito que obtenga en los resultados de esta prueba dependerá de su esfuerzo, dedicación y preparación adecuada en los temas relacionados.

ACTIVITY

A continuación, encontrará ejercicios con los cuales practicará cada una de las temáticas vistas.

Funny Story 1



My exam nightmare

I (wake up) 1_____ on the morning of the maths exam with a horrible feeling in my stomach. I knew that I (not study) 2_____ enough the night before and that I was going to fail.

When I left home it (rain) 3_____ and there was a lot of traffic. I (arrive) 4 _____ five minutes late and the exam (already / start) 5 _____. I sat down quickly and looked at the questions. I (can - not answer) 6 _____ of them! It was the most difficult exam the teacher (ever / give) 7 _____ us.

I (sit) 8 _____ next to one of my friends called Sophie and I could see that she (write) 9 _____ very quickly. She was great at maths. Suddenly I had an idea. I (look) 10 _____ at the teacher, Mr Everitt. He (stand) 11 _____ by the window and he (not look) 12 _____ at us. I wrote a message on a piece of paper and (throw) 13 _____ it to Sophie. It said "I need help." Sophie (already / finish) 14 _____ the exam. She copied the answers on a piece of paper and just when I was about to...

REGULAR VERBS - CROSSWORD (3)

Unscramble the verbs and put them in the past in the crossword.

16. leetde

18. dacen

15. ilrdeve

21. eatdoce

22. dfende

11. dlaye

5. toysred

20. dagmea

6. kleisid

11. tbudo

13. ersgeida

9. dnmead

10. mdrae

2. dsrse

13. dliir

7. eddice

19. ddevii

12. drtiy

13. rdpo

17. yrd

14. gadr

10. ndpde

2. dionrcves

8. aadppries

Irregular Verbs

Write the simple past tense of the given verbs.

ACROSS

5. sell
6. wear
9. drive
10. fly
11. catch
12. build
14. read
17. sing

DOWN

1. hide
2. see
3. forget
4. bring
7. begin
8. teach
9. draw
10. fall
12. blow
13. choose
15. drink
16. dig

1. hid

2. saw

3. forgot

4. brought

5. sold

6. wore

7. began

8. taught

9. drew

10. fell

11. caught

12. built

13. chose

14. read

15. drank

16. dug

17. sang

RELATIVE CLAUSES/RELATIVE PRONOUNS

Choose the correct response to complete each relative clauses:

1. The man _____ was speaking to us was very tall.
A. WHO B. WHICH C. WHOSE
2. The woman _____ bought the dress did not speak English.
A. WHICH B. WHO C. WHOSE
3. The people _____ flight was cancelled were upset.
A. WHOSE B. WHICH C. WHO
4. Do you know anyone _____ speaks Japanese?
A. WHICH B. THAT C. WHO
5. The man _____ car we bought was from Texas.
A. WHOSE B. WHICH C. WHERE
6. That's the cat _____ we saw yesterday.
A. WHICH B. WHOM C. WHY
7. Can you see the man _____ is sitting at that table?
A. WHOSE B. WHO C. WHOM
8. A castle is a place _____ a king or queen lives.
A. WHERE B. WHICH C. WHO
9. This the time of the year _____ many people suffer from hayfever.
A. HOW B. WHY C. WHEN
10. The bad weather is the reason _____ I was late for class yesterday.
A. WHOM B. WHY C. HOW



Practice WH questions

Join with arrows

- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1- What time is it? | I have 10 cats |
| 2- Where is she? | He is my father |
| 3- How many cats do you have? | I want water |
| 4- How old are you? | Because I hurt my head |
| 5- Who is him? | She is at school |
| 6- How much does this cost? | It is next Saturday |
| 7- Whose pencil is this? | It is five to three |
| 8- Which drink do you want? | Thirty five dollars |
| 9- When is the party? | It is Martin's pencil |
| 10- Why are you sad? | I am 35 years old |

MODAL VERBS

Complete the sentences with the correct modal verb in **italics**:

1. You *must / should / shouldn't* be 18 before you can drive in Spain.
2. *Can / May / Might* you come to my party?
3. You *don't have to / mustn't / shouldn't* go to bed so late. It's not good for you.
4. I *can / can't / might* go out tonight. I'm too busy.
5. It *can / may / couldn't* rain tomorrow.
6. You *don't have to / mustn't / shouldn't* wear a school uniform in most Spanish state schools.
7. You *must / mustn't / don't have to* come. I can do it without you.
8. I *could / couldn't / might not* be here next weekend.
9. You *don't have to / might not / mustn't* use your mobile phone in class.
10. You *couldn't / mustn't / shouldn't* eat so many hamburgers. They're not good for you.
11. You *don't have to / must / mustn't* copy during exams.
12. You *don't have to / mustn't / shouldn't* be very tall to play football.
13. You *must / mustn't / needn't* be a good writer to win the *Pulitzer Prize*
14. I haven't studied enough. I *may / may not / might* pass my exams.
15. They say it *can / could not / might* snow tomorrow.
16. She *can / might not / won't be able to* help us. She's not available.
17. We should run or we *can / should / might not* miss the bus.
18. I don't know, but I *can / couldn't / may* be late.
19. You *can't / don't have to / mustn't* study at the weekends, except when you have exams.
20. You *may not / should / don't have to* worry. Everything will be OK.

CONDITIONAL SENTENCES

Choose the best option.

If I _____ early tomorrow morning, I _____ jogging.		
A get up will go	B will get up am going to go	C get up go
If I _____ that you were coming, I _____ you at the airport. I had a lot of time to do that.		
A had known would meet	B knew will meet	C had known would have met
If this idea _____, you _____ very successful next year.		
A works will be	B will work would be	C works are
The bank _____ you more money if you _____ it.		
A lends needed	B will lend need	C would lend needs
Do you think you _____ it if you _____ a famous pop star?		
A would enjoy became	B enjoy become	C would enjoy would become
If Sarah _____ ill at the party last Sunday, she _____ early.		
A didn't feel won't leave	B hadn't felt wouldn't have left	C felt didn't leave
_____ happy if you _____ a millionaire?		
A Will you be would marry	B Would you be married	C Would you be marry
If I _____ the art exhibition, I _____ it to my friends. But I didn't like it.		
A had enjoyed would recommend	B enjoyed will recommend	C had enjoyed would have recommended
If you _____ at a loose end last month, you _____ your exam. But you failed it.		
A hadn't been would have passed	B hadn't been would pass	C wouldn't have been will pass
If pigs _____ wings, they _____.		
A had would fly	B have fly	C would have would fly
If children _____ well, they _____ healthy.		
A didn't eat are not	B hadn't eaten won't be	C don't eat are not
If you _____ hungry, I _____ you a sandwich.		
A were would make	B are will make	C had been make
Martin _____ his job last month if he _____ late for work.		
A won't lose hadn't always been	B wouldn't lose weren't always	C wouldn't have lost hadn't always been

Active and Passive Voice

1  HARVEST	2  PICK	3  PEEL	4  SELL	5  WASH	6  CHOP
7  FRY	Fill in the blanks with the appropriate form of the verbs in the Simple Present Tense and complete the passive form. 1- Farmers usually harvest wheat in June. - Wheat is usually harvested in June. 2- Our butcher _____ the best quality meat. - Best quality meat _____ by our butcher. 3- My aunt _____ meat finely for her lamb stew. - Meat _____ finely for her lamb stew. 4- Traditional winemakers _____ grapes with their feet. - Grapes _____ with feet in traditional winemaking. 5- Good barman must _____ the beer slowly to avoid froth. - Beer must _____ slowly to avoid froth. 6- You mustn't _____ too much salt on the salad. - A little salt must _____ on the salad. 7- Village women still _____ their bread at home. - Bread _____ still _____ at home by the villagers. 8- Some people _____ the water in a kettle to make quick tea. - Water _____ usually _____ in a kettle to make quick tea. 9- Workers still _____ cotton by hand in Turkey. - Cotton _____ still _____ by hand. 10- Many homes will _____ a turkey for Christmas soon. - A turkey will _____ in many homes for Christmas. 11- We must _____ fruits and vegetables before eating. - Fruits and vegetables must _____ before eating. 12- Jenny _____ a new recipe almost every week. - A new recipe _____ almost every week by Jenny. 13- People _____ fish in corn oil in Northern Turkey. - Fish _____ in corn oil in Northern Turkey and tastes delicious. 14- You can _____ bananas easily. - Bananas can _____ easily.				
8  COOK					
9  ROAST					
10  BOIL					
11  BAKE					
12  SPRINKLE					
13  POUR					
14  CRUSH					

Smiling Often

Smiling often has many benefits. People who smile regularly can experience an increase in their health and state of mind. Unfortunately, many people don't smile enough. It's a good idea to smile more often in order to feel better. Here are some reasons to smile more often.



Smiling brings health benefits. It increases natural substances in the body which improve your state of mind. Besides, smiling helps your facial structure give you a more youthful look; combined with healthy teeth, smiling can make you seem healthier and more attractive. Smiling also has positive effects on the immune and cardiovascular systems.

There are psychological benefits to smiling frequently, too. It makes you happy almost immediately. Sometimes when we can't smile, we find that anyone's smile helps us feel better. Smiling can also reduce stress levels since the body reacts quickly to it. A great way to make someone cheerful is to help them smile.

Smiling more often can also make you look more attractive and confident. In general, people like to show happiness and be near those who are happy. Smiling in the presence of others shows you are a happy person, and you can transmit the feeling to them. People are naturally attracted to smiling; therefore, smiling frequently can help you get the attention you want from others.

If you don't smile much, find ways to smile more often; try to make others smile more often too. Smiling is a fast way to feel happy. Feeling happy and making others feel happy is very positive and will bring many benefits. Although it seems difficult, it is in fact very easy; all it takes is moving some muscles and you will be happy almost immediately.

15. What is the author doing in the text?
- A. convincing people that smiling at others is polite
 - B. describing the consequences of not smiling
 - C. discussing the effects of smiling in difficult situations
 - D. encouraging people to smile more frequently
16. What can the reader find out about smiling in paragraph 2?
- A. how smiling helps people appear better
 - B. how smiling shows people you are interested in them
 - C. how smiling makes people be popular
 - D. how smiling lets people transmit happiness to others
17. According to paragraph 3, what can smiling cause in people?
- A. It makes them react to funny situations frequently.
 - B. It helps them know when they need to feel good.
 - C. It makes them want to help others to feel happy.
 - D. It helps them feel happy very quickly.
18. What does smiling do in a social situation?
- A. It tells others you need their attention to feel confident.
 - B. It makes others do what you want and show happiness.
 - C. It shows you are happy and makes others smile, too.
 - D. It makes you look attractive and want people's acceptance.
19. Which is the best advertisement for the author's ideas about smiling?

A.

- Want to look older and more mature?
- Smile. It will control your stress levels, your state of mind and your popularity.

B.

- Want to be happy fast and easily?
- Smile more frequently. It will make you healthier, happier, and more attractive.

C.

- Want to be natural?
- Smile often.
- It helps you improve your teeth, your mind, and your figure quickly.

D.

- Want to look professional?
- Smile more.
- It is important for your body, your mind, and your personal life.

The whale that saved a woman's life

Some years ago, a Chinese zoo organised a special diving competition. They (25) the people who wanted to enter the competition to dive into a pool where there were some whales. The water was 7 metres deep and very cold and they had to stay there as long as possible without breathing. 26-year-old Yang Yun was a confident diver, but she (26) ever dived in such cold, deep water before. When Yun had (27) in the pool for a few minutes, she found that she couldn't move her legs. Later, Yun said that she had felt very anxious and afraid at that moment. But then a whale called Mila, which (28) at the zoo for some time and was sociable with humans, swam towards Yun. Mila had (29) that Yun was in trouble, and wanted to help her.

When the people around the pool saw Mila pushing Yun out of the water, they understood that the whale had saved the woman. Yun later told journalists that she had (30) that there was 'an incredible force' pushing her up, but that she (31) realised it was a whale. And she said that she (32) never going to forget Mila - the whale that saved her life.

- | | | | |
|----|-------------|----------|-------------|
| 25 | A explained | B told | C said |
| 26 | A has | B had | C hadn't |
| 27 | A been | B was | C being |
| 28 | A has lived | B lived | C had lived |
| 29 | A saw | B seen | C see |
| 30 | A knew | B known | C knowing |
| 31 | A didn't | B hadn't | C hasn't |
| 32 | A had | B did | C was |

